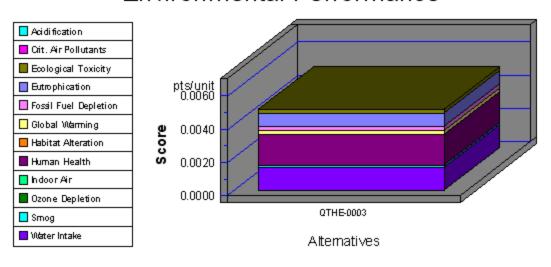
## Environmental Performance



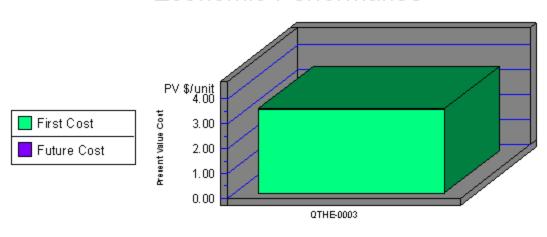
Note: Lower values are better

Category	QTHE-0003
A cidification3%	0.0000
Crit. Air Pollutants9%	0.0000
Ecolog. Taxicity7%	0.0002
Eutrophic ation6%	0.0008
Fossil Fuel Depl10%	0.0003
Global Warming29%	0.0002
Habitat Alteration6%	0.0000
Human Health-13%	0.0019
Indoor Air3%	0.0000
Ozone Depletion2%	0.0000
Smog4%	0.0001
Water Intake-8%	0.0014
Sum	0.0049

Waste Water Systems Coatings		
Impacts	Units	QTHE-0003
Acidification Criteria Air Polutants Ecotoxicity Eutrophication Fossil Fuel Depletion Global Warming Habitat Alteration Human HealthCancer Human Health NonCancer Indoor Air Quality Ozone Depletion Smog Water Intake	millimoles H <sup>+</sup> equivalents microDALYs g 2,4-D equivalents g N equivalents MJ surplus energy g CO <sub>2</sub> equivalents T&E count g C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>6</sub> equivalents g TVOCs g TVOCs g CFC-11 equivalents g NO <sub>x</sub> equivalents liters of water	2.58E+02 5.72E-02 2.33E+00 2.71E+00 9.16E-01 1.32E+02 1.71E-12 1.21E+00 1.56E+03 0.00E+00 9.15E-08 2.04E+00 9.03E+01
Functional Unit		1 sq. ft. coverage

<sup>1</sup> Following are more complete descriptions of units: Acidification: millimoles of hydrogen ion equivalents; Criteria Air Pollutants: micro Disability-Adjusted Life Years; Ecological Toxicity: grams of 2,4-dichlorophenoxy-acetic acid equivalents; Eutrophication: grams of nitrogen equivalents; Fossil Fuel Depletion: megajoules of surplus energy; Global Warming: grams of carbon dioxide equivalents; Habitat Alteration: threatened and endangered species count; Human Health-Cancer: grams of benzene equivalents; Human Health-NonCancer: grams of toluene equivalents; Indoor Air Quality: grams of Total Volatile Organic Compounds; Ozone Depletion: grams of chloroflourocarbon-11 equivalents; Smog: grams of nitrogen oxide equivalents; and Water Intake: liters of water.

## Economic Performance

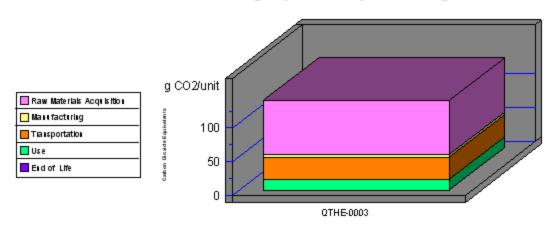


Alternatives

Category	QTHE-0003
First Cost	3.40
Future Cost- 3.0%	0.00
Sum	3.40

<sup>\*</sup>This is a consumable product. Therefore, future costs are not calculated.

# Global Warming by Life-Cycle Stage

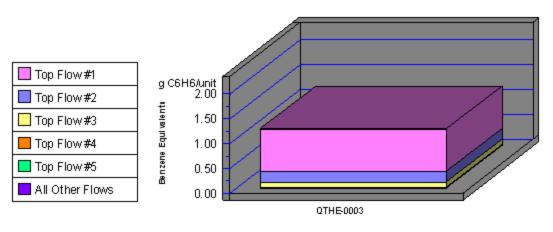


Altematives

Note: Lower values are better

Category	QTHE-0003
1. Raw Materials	79
2. Manufacturing	4
3. Transportation	32
4. Use	17
5. End of Life	0
Sum	132

### Human Health Cancer by Sorted Flows\*



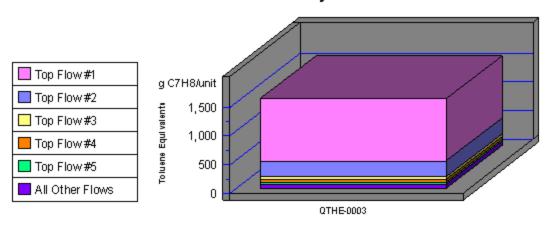
Alternatives

Note: Lower values are better

Category	QTHE-0003
Cancer-(a) Dioxins (unspecifie	0.85
Cancer-(w) Arsenic (As3+,	0.22
Cancer-(w) Phenol (C6H5OH)	0.10
Cancer(a) Arsenic (As)	0.02
Cancer(a) Benz ene (C6H6)	0.00
All Others	0.00
Sum	1.21

<sup>\*</sup>Sorted by five topmost flows for worst-scoring product

#### Human Health Noncancer by Sorted Flows\*



Alternatives

Note: Lower values are better

Category	QTHE-0003
Noncancer-(a) Dioxins (unspeci	1,076.86
Noncancer-(a) Mercury (Hg)	277.41
Noncancer-(w) Mercury (Hg+,	49.63
Noncancer(w) Barium (Ba++)	41.97
Noncancer-(w) Lead (Pb++,	33.11
All Others	83.18
Sum	1,562.17

<sup>\*</sup>Sorted by five topmost flows for worst-scoring product